



Republic of the Philippines
DEPARTMENT OF PUBLIC WORKS AND HIGHWAYS
REGIONAL OFFICE I
City of San Fernando, La Union

TERMS OF REFERENCE

GEOTECHNICAL AND GEOLOGICAL SURVEY (SOIL BORING EXPLORATION) OF VARIOUS FLOOD CONTROL STRUCTURES IN ILOCOS NORTE (PACKAGE 1)

I. PROJECT DESCRIPTION AND PURPOSE

PROJECT NAME	NO. OF HOLES
1.) Construction/ Maintenance of Flood Mitigation Structures and Drainage Systems - Construction of Flood Mitigation Structures along Laoag River Basin, Guisit River, Brgy. Bimmanga, Piddig, Ilocos Norte	4 holes
2.) Construction/ Rehabilitation of Flood Mitigation Facilities within Major River Basins and Principal Rivers - Construction of Flood Mitigation Structure along Laoag River Basin, Dingris River, Left Bank, barangay Maruaya, Piddig, Ilocos Norte	4 holes
3.) Construction/ Rehabilitation of Flood Mitigation Facilities within Major River Basins and Principal Rivers - Construction of Flood Mitigation Structure along Laoag River Basin, Dingris River, Right Bank, barangay Maruaya, Piddig, Ilocos Norte	4 holes
4.) Construction/ Rehabilitation of Flood Mitigation Facilities within Major River Basins and Principal Rivers - Construction of Flood Mitigation Structure along Laoag River Basin, Dingris River, Left Bank, barangay Calambeg, Piddig, Ilocos Norte	4 holes
5.) Construction/ Maintenance of Flood Mitigation Structures and Drainage Systems, Construction of Revetment along Bolo River, Barangay Poblacion, Adams, Ilocos Norte	4 holes
6.) Construction/ Maintenance of Flood Mitigation Structures and Drainage Systems, Rehabilitation of Flood Control Structure along Bolo River (Lower and Upper Datag), Barangay San Isidro, Dumalneg, Ilocos Norte	3 holes
7.) Construction/ Rehabilitation of Flood Mitigation Facilities within Major River Basins and Principal Rivers, Rehabilitation of Damaged Concrete Bank Revetment with Gabion Footing Protection along Pasuquin River Revetment, Barangay Sulvec, Pasuquin, Ilocos Norte	4 holes
8.) Basic Infrastructure Program (BIP), Construction of Flood Control Structure along Banban-Payac Road Banban River, Brgy. Banban, Bangui, Ilocos Norte	3 holes
Location : Ilocos Norte	
Boreholes : 30 Boreholes; 15m depth	
Duration : Fifty Three (53) Calendar Days	

II. SCOPE OF WORK

The Consultant shall provide all the labor, instrument/equipment materials and supplies, vehicles, bunkhouses, etc., necessary to perform satisfactorily the sub-surface exploration herein required, viz:

- A. Field Works
- B. Laboratory Testing
- C. Soil Boring Exploration and Preparation of Report
- D. Geotechnical and Geological Evaluation Report

The Consultant shall be held solely responsible for the result of this boring/drilling exploration and other activities under this Terms of Reference (TOR).

III. DETAILED EXPLORATION REQUIREMENTS/SPECIFICATIONS

A. FIELD WORKS

1. Borehole Location

For structures like levee/dike and dredging/channel excavation, two (2) deep drillings for every 250 meters, while, for revetments/river trainings works and etc. at least one (1) borehole for the proposed structure.

For cut slope, a minimum of one boring should be performed. For cuts more than 60m in length, the spacing between borings along the length of the cut should generally be between 60 and 120m or upon the instruction of the geologist/geotechnical engineer. At critical locations and high cuts, provide a minimum of two borings in the transverse direction to define the existing geological conditions for stability analyses. For an active slide, place at least one boring upslope of the sliding area.

For onshore boring, all locations shall have a marker (precast concrete) with description placed exactly where the drilling was conducted.

2. Borehole Depth

If foundation type has not been specified, boring shall be extended to a minimum depth of 15m in ordinary soil or 6m into hard rock (SPT N-Values > 30) if rock is encountered above the depth. In case bearing layer is not encountered within 15 m, boring shall be continued until preferred layer is encountered and/or upon the instruction of the geotechnical engineer with approval of the implementing office.

For cuts, borings should extend to a minimum of 5m below the anticipated depth of the cut at the ditch line. Boring depths should be increased in locations where the base stability is a concern due to the presence of soft soils, or in locations where the base of the cut is below groundwater level to determine the depth of the underlying previous strata.

3. Procedure

- a. Deep drilling with Standard Penetration Test (SPT) shall be conducted at the plotted borehole location. Minimum depth shall be determined based on confirmation of hard strata or bed rock. Drilling can end after six (6) meters minimum penetration into hard strata or bed rock, subject to the approval of the engineer.
- b. The Consultant shall perform analysis and testing on disturbed and undisturbed soil samples. These analyses and testing shall be performed in accordance with AASHTO and ASTM standards.
- c. The soil samples for foundation design shall be preserved for the testing and determination of the main characteristics (grain size distribution and classification, moisture content, atterberg limits, etc.)
- d. Submit design recommendations, foundation condition scheme, bearing capacity and settlement, groundwater table, hydrological influences, excavation stability, seismic design consideration and liquefaction potential.
- e. Geological structure, especially active faults which might traverse the area, should be delineated and potential mass movement areas should be identified. Analysis for liquefaction potential during earthquake and consolidation due to soft ground should be included.

4. Handling of Core Samples

The contractor shall provide all the materials, equipment and labor necessary for preserving the samples for 5 years. Rock core samples need to be handled such that their properties are not altered in a way due to mechanical damage or changes in ambient conditions of moisture and temperature or other environmental factors.

All soil and rock samples must be clearly, accurately, and properly labelled to show all pertinent information necessary in identifying the samples.

B. LABORATORY TESTING

The preparation of samples and procedure of testing shall be made in accordance with the standards of American Association of Highway and Transportation Officials (AASHTO) and/or American Society for Testing and Materials (ASTM). The following tests shall be made on samples obtained from drilling.

Standard Penetration Test

The test shall be carried out through ordinary soil encountered to the depths specified above. Standard penetration test shall be performed by dropping a hammer weighing 140 lbs. (63.6 kg) onto the drill rods from a height of 76.00 cm (30 inch) at 1.50 meter interval or closer if necessary. First blow count shall be ignored as it represents materials from the previous layers and hole collapse materials hence the N-value is the

sum of 2nd and 3rd blow counts. The procedure of SPT shall be conducted according to AASHTO T 99 or AASHTO T 180.

Moisture Content

This test determines the relationship between the moisture content and the density of soils compacted in a mold. It is the ratio of the weight/mass of water in the soil to the weight/mass of the dry soil after it has been dried to a constant weight/mass at a temperature of $110 \pm 5^\circ \text{C}$. This shall be conducted according to ASTM D2216 or AASHTO T 265.

Bearing Capacity Test

The maximum load per unit area which the soil or rock can carry without yielding or displacement is termed the bearing capacity of soils. Various methods of computing the bearing capacity can be by presumptive analysis, analytical method, plate bearing test, penetration test, or centrifuge test. The SPT is widely used to get the bearing capacity of soil directly at a certain depth. The consistency of clayey soils can often be estimated from this test.

Sieve Analysis

This is the determination of particle size distribution in soils by sieve, hydrometer, or combined analysis. The procedure covers sieve analysis in accordance with AASHTO T 27 and materials finer than No. 200 ($75 \mu\text{m}$) in accordance with AASHTO T 11. The procedure combines the two test methods.

Atterberg Limit

The procedure for the determination of Atterberg limit shall be in accordance with ASTM D4318. The Liquid limit (AASHTO T 89) is the lowest moisture content at which the soil will flow upon the application of a very small shearing force whereas the Plastic limit (AASHTO T 90) is the minimum moisture content at which the soil can be readily molded without breaking or crumbling.

Soil Classification

The Unified Soil Classification System (USCS), adopted by ASTM D2487-98 and IS: 1498-1970 shall be followed for classification and identification of soils for general engineering purpose. This is to be used for identification of soils in the field, laboratory, or any other location where soil samples are inspected and described. There should be assigned group name and symbol(s) along with the descriptive information. Initial description can be made during on-site logging, and revised upon availability of laboratory tests.

C. KEY PERSONNEL'S DETAILED TASKS/RESPONSIBILITIES AND QUALIFICATION

Position	Qualification	No. of Person	Duration	Wt. per person (%)	Total Wt (%)
Team Leader (Project Manager)	- Must have at least ten (10) years experience related in Geotechnical/Soil Investigation, Test Borings, Sampling and Analysis of similar and/or related projects - Must be a Registered Civil Engineer - Doctorate degree is an advantage	1	53 man-days	30	30
Geotechnical Engineer	- Must have at least five (5) years experience in the related field for which geological investigations and assessment of geological conditions were undertaken - Must be a Registered Civil Engineer with specialization in geotechnical engineering - Doctorate degree is an advantage	1	53 man-days	20	20
Materials Engineer	- Must have at least five (5) years experience in the related field and is occupying the position of a Materials Engineer - Must be a Registered Civil Engineer with specialization in materials engineering - Doctorate degree is an advantage	1	53 man-days	15	15
Geodetic Engineer	- Must have at least five (5) years experience in the field of surveying and should be familiar with the latest technologies in surveying and research work - Must be a Registered Geodetic Engineer - Doctorate degree is an advantage	1	53 man-days	15	15
Senior Laboratory Technician	- Must have at least five (5) years experience in carrying out sampling and analysis for Geotechnical / Soil Investigation and or Surveys, Test Borings - Degree in engineering / construction management is recommended	2	15 man-days	10	20

Detailed Tasks and Responsibilities of Key Personnel

A. Team Leader

- overall guidance, direction and coordination of members of the Team.
- prepares operation plan and supervises all aspects of the project to ensure compliance with the objectives and maintain progress in accordance with the contract time schedule.

B. Geotechnical Engineer

- investigate risk of geological hazards and making sure any factors affecting engineering works are identified and managed
- study and determination of items and method of soil investigation and laboratory test
- responsible for supervising the conduct of geotechnical investigations; gathering information and reporting results of evaluations of areas of concern

C. Materials Engineer

- investigate and supervise the testing of Physical Properties of sample materials from areas of concern and prepare reports after performing calculations

D. Geodetic Engineer

- undertakes topographic survey and provides the necessary topographic maps.

E. Senior Laboratory Technician

- assists the Team Leader in the collection of necessary data and information in carrying out detailed soil test and investigations including Atterberg Limits, Consistency Test, Grading Analysis, and etc.
- responsible in maintaining and calibrating test equipment and other duties related to lab operations as assigned

D. REPORTS AND DELIVERABLES

The Consultant shall prepare the following reports and deliverables:

1. Progress Report

The Consultant is required to submit a progress report twenty six (26) calendar days from the commencement of work briefly and concisely describing all activities and progress of the project. Problems encountered or problems anticipated shall be clearly stated, together with the steps taken or recommendations for their correction. It shall also indicate the works to be performed.

2. Final Report

The Consultant is required to submit the final report fifty three (53) calendar days from the commencement of work in four (4) bound copies and a soft copy saved in a CD to the DPWH Regional Office I, Aguila Rd., Sevilla, City of San Fernando, La Union. The final report shall not be limited to the following:

- Introduction (Purpose and scope, Project Location, Project Description)
- Climate Map covering the project site
- Vicinity Maps in scale of 1:50,000
- Borehole Location Plan in scale of 1:250
 - reflecting the coordinates of the boreholes
- Methodology (Field and Laboratory)
- Geology and Geohazards Aspect
- Geotechnical Aspect
- Field Investigation and Soil Boring Exploration
- Final Boring Logs (BL)
- Soil Profile (Cross section) showing boring/drilling logs and structures
- Final Laboratory Tests Results (FLTR)
- Appendices and References

3. Geology and Geohazards Aspect

- a. Seismic Sources within the vicinity of the project site, it is necessary to determine the distance of an active fault/trench relative to the project site.
- b. Earthquake magnitude that a fault/trench can generate (based on historical data provided by PHIVOLCS or USGS)
- c. Geologic Map and Geomorphologic Map covering the project site
 - showing the geologic formations and structures present within the proposed location of the project (i.e. faults, fold)
- d. Discussion on Regional Geology and Geomorphology
- e. Brief Discussion about the Geohazard maps
 - degree of susceptibility of each geohazard relative to the location of the project
- f. Discussion on Problematic Soils

4. Geotechnical Aspect

- a. Peak Ground Acceleration (PGA)
- b. Spectral Acceleration Coefficient at 0.20 sec (S_{Ds})
- c. Spectral Acceleration Coefficient at 1.0 sec (S_{D1})
- d. Soil Liquefaction Assessment
- e. Soil Bearing Capacity
- f. The computation of the Skin Friction (SF_n) and End Bearing Capacity not using the German Standards for pile design
- g. Recommendation such as type of proposed counter measures to address geological/geotechnical problems and foundation type.
- h. Geotechnical Evaluation and recommendation

5. Other Data to be Submitted

A. Boring Logs

1. Job, boring, hole number, date, time, boring/drilling, foreman, supervisor
2. Weather condition
3. Elevation and Depth of boring
4. Water level in casing at start of day
5. Method of penetration and flushing system
6. Description of soil strata encountered
7. Depth of soil boundaries
8. Size, type and depth of samples and sample number
9. Type and depth of in-situ tests
10. Standard Penetration Tests Resistance, "N" Value
11. Recovery ratios of samples
12. Detailed notes on boring/drilling procedure, casing sizes and resistance to driving, description of wash water or spoil from boring/drilling tools
13. Depth of boring at end of day
14. Other relevant information such RQD, percent core recovery, angle of friction etc.

B. Photographs

Photographs showing the borehole drilling and sampling at each proposed sites shall be taken by the Contractor and incorporated in the report. Photographs shall be taken at each borehole location depicting the following:

1. Equipment used
2. Core drilling operation
3. Water level measurements
4. Performance of SPT and Shelby tube sampling
5. All cores in the core boxes, SPT and Shelby tube samples
6. Date photographs was taken
7. Location or station, and markers

IV. PAYMENT

There should be no Advance Payment for Consultancy. The final payment shall be made only after the final report and a final statement, identified as such, shall have been submitted by the Consultant and approved as satisfactory by the Procuring Entity.

V. WORK SCHEDULE

The Consultant's contract period for undertaking the sub-surface exploration works including laboratory tests shall be Fifty Three (53) Calendar Days and the Consultant shall commence work after receipt of Notice to Proceed.

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